

McLaren Print System Order

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 User: Kim Brass
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Ship Location: **MMG Marysville Internal Med**
 1750 Busha Hwy
 Marysville, MI 48040

Forms

Quantity: 100
 Paragon Dept No: 66300
 Dept Name: 66300
 Company Number: 810

Order Total Price: 0.00

Item Number: MM-317
 Item Description: DTaP
 Revision Date: 8/2018
 Print: 2 sided black and white
 Paper: 20# White Text
 Size: 8.5 x 11
 Fold:
 Finish: None
 Drill: None
 Misc Info: ds; black and white

VACCINE INFORMATION STATEMENT

DTaP (Diphtheria, Tetanus, Pertussis) Vaccine: What You Need to Know

More vaccine information statements are available in Spanish and other languages. For more information, visit www.cdc.gov/vaccines.
 Have an information statement vaccine order prepared or updated 2 or more days before. Visit www.cdc.gov/vaccines.

1 Why get vaccinated?

DTaP vaccine can help protect your child from diphtheria, tetanus, and pertussis.

- DIPHTHERIA (D)** can cause breathing problems, paralysis, and heart failure. Before vaccines, diphtheria killed tens of thousands of children every year in the United States.
- TETANUS (T)** causes painful tightening of the muscles. It can cause "locking" of the jaw so you cannot open your mouth or swallow. About 1 person out of 5 who get tetanus dies.
- PERTUSSIS (P)**, also known as Whooping Cough, causes coughing spells so bad that it is hard for infants and children to eat, drink, or breathe. It can cause pneumonia, seizures, brain damage, or death.

Most children who are vaccinated with DTaP will be protected throughout childhood. Many more children would get these diseases if we stopped vaccinating.

3 Some children should not get DTaP vaccine or should wait

DTaP is only for children younger than 7 years old. DTaP vaccine is not appropriate for everyone—a small number of children should receive a different vaccine that contains only diphtheria and tetanus instead of DTaP.

Tell your health care provider if your child:

- Has had an allergic reaction after a previous dose of DTaP, or has any severe, life-threatening allergies.
- Has had a coma or long repeated seizures within 7 days after a dose of DTaP.
- Has seizures or another nervous system problem.
- Has had a condition called Guillain-Barré syndrome (GBS).
- Has had severe pain or swelling after a previous dose of DTaP or DT vaccine.

In some cases, your health care provider may decide to postpone your child's DTaP vaccination to a future visit.

Children with minor illnesses, such as a cold, may be vaccinated. Children who are moderately or severely ill should usually wait until they recover before getting DTaP vaccine.

Your health care provider can give you more information.

2 DTaP vaccine

Children should usually get 5 doses of DTaP vaccine, one dose at each of the following ages:

- 2 months
- 4 months
- 6 months
- 15-18 months
- 4-6 years

DTaP may be given at the same time as other vaccines. Also, sometimes a child can receive DTaP together with one or more other vaccines in a single shot.

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention