

McLaren Print System Order

Order No: 48193 Reprint Previous Order No: 5509
 Order Date: 2019-08-29
 User: Kelly Lewis
 Phone: 810-496-0916

Ship Location: Midland Occupational and Convenient Care
 801 Joe Mann Blvd.
 Midland, MI 48642

Forms

Quantity: 100
 Paragon Dept No: 56062
 Dept Name: Midland Occupational and Convenient Care
 Company Number: 810

Order Total Price: 0.00

Item Number: DCH-0457
 Item Description: Influenza Vaccine (Inactivated or Recombinant) VIS
 Revision Date: 8/2019
 Print: 2 sided black and white
 Paper: 20# White Text
 Size: 8.5 x 11
 Fold:
 Finish: None
 Drill: None
 Misc Info: Must be ordered with MM-474 Consent

VACCINE INFORMATION STATEMENT

Influenza (Flu) Vaccine (Inactivated or Recombinant): What you need to know

Many vaccine information statements are available in Spanish and other languages. See www.cdc.gov/vaccines.

Read the information on other vaccine safety topics like egg allergies or needles (see chapter 4 on needles and shots). www.cdc.gov/vaccines

1 Why get vaccinated?

Influenza vaccine can prevent influenza (flu).

Flu is a contagious disease that spreads around the United States every year, usually between October and May. Anyone can get the flu, but it is most dangerous for some people. Infants and young children, people 65 years of age and older, pregnant women, and people with certain health conditions or a weakened immune system are at greatest risk of flu complications.

Pneumonia, bronchitis, sinus infections and ear infections are examples of flu-related complications. If you have a medical condition, such as heart disease, cancer or diabetes, flu can make it worse.

Flu can cause fever and chills, sore throat, muscle aches, fatigue, cough, headache, and runny or stuffy nose. Some people may have vomiting and diarrhea, though this is more common in children than adults.

Each year thousands of people in the United States die from flu, and many more are hospitalized. The vaccine prevents millions of illnesses and the related visits to the doctor each year.

2 Influenza vaccine

CDC recommends everyone 6 months of age and older get vaccinated every flu season. Children 6 months through 8 years of age may need 2 doses during a single flu season. Everyone else needs only 1 dose each flu season.

It takes about 2 weeks for protection to develop after vaccination.

There are many flu viruses, and they are always changing. Each year a new flu vaccine is made to protect against those or four viruses that are likely to cause disease in the upcoming flu season. Even when the vaccine doesn't exactly match these viruses, it may still provide some protection.

Influenza vaccine does not cause flu.

Influenza vaccine may be given at the same time as other vaccines.

3 Talk with your health care provider


Tell your vaccine provider if the person getting the vaccine:

- Has had an allergic reaction after a previous dose of influenza vaccine, or has any severe, life-threatening allergies.
- Has ever had Guillain Barre Syndrome (also called GBS).

In some cases, your health care provider may decide to postpone influenza vaccination to a future visit.

People with minor illnesses, such as a cold, may be vaccinated. People who are moderately or severely ill should usually wait until they recover before getting influenza vaccine.

Your health care provider can give you more information.


 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
www.cdc.gov